

DISTRIBUTION



Both sexes produce a strange assortment of goose-like honks, grunts and whistles, the female's vocalisations are

higher in pitch.

The Australian
Shelduck belongs
to the same family as
swans, geese and ducks.

AUSTRALIAN SHELDUCK

Tadorna tadornoides

Shelducks nest in rock crevices, shallow caves, holes in banks, or rabbit burrows.

The female incubates the eggs while her mate defends the surrounding territory.

The male is largely blackish, with a chestnut b

with a chestnut breast, white neck collar and dark green head. The female is similar, but has white around the eye.

FACTS & FIGURES				
Where found	Southern Australia, Tasmania			
Habitat	Freshwater swamps, brackish swamps, inland lakes, grasslands, open woodlands, pastures, and agricultural fields			
Diet	Includes insects, seeds, and short grasses			
Average weight	1.3-1.7kg			
Number of eggs	5-14			
Incubation	28 - 33 days			
Lifespan	Up to 20 years			

+		International Unio	n for Conservation	of Nature RED LIS	T for the Australi	an Shelduck
LEAST CONCERN	NEAR THREATENED	VULNERABLE	ENDANGERED	CRITICALLY ENDANGERED		EXTINCT

THE RISK OF EXTINCTION FOR THIS SPECIES HAS CURRENTLY BEEN ASSESSED AS LEAST CONCERN IUCN RED LIST